

with the form figured by Kobelt in his Fauna Moll. Jap. Kobelt had also wrongly referred his shells to Newcomb's species, but he had transcribed the name incorrectly as "*Helix Blakei*." Dr. Pilsbry's suggestion was that the form under consideration, which he at first thought to be identical with *Eulota luna*, should be known as *Eulota Blakei*, Kobelt, a name involving quite a different meaning and therefore sufficiently distinct from *E. Blakeana*, Newc. This suggestion was adopted by me in my second Report (tom. cit., pp. 74, 79).
G. K. GUDE.

NOTE ON THE PAIRING OF *PYRAMIDULA ROTUNDATA* (MÜLL.) WITH *VITREA LUCIDA* (DRAP.). (Read 13th Dec., 1901.)—Last September, when looking for molluscs in the department of Gard (France), I observed at La Foulx, on the damp and shady bank of the little stream which rises at St. Bonnet near the well-known Roman Bridge, an instance of pairing between *Pyramidula rotundata* (Müll.) and *Vitrea lucida* (Drap.). On carefully separating the two individuals a few minutes later, I obtained proof that connection was absolutely established.

Hybrid connection between different species has already been reported. Rossmässler saw *Helix nemoralis* united with *H. hortensis*. Astier saw at Grasse (Alpes maritimes) *Rumina decollata* with *Helicella variabilis*; Gassies, the same *Rumina* with *Zonites algerus*, and *Helicella variabilis* with *Helix Pisana*. Lecoq observed in the same state near Anduze (Gard) *Helix nemoralis* with *Helix aspersa*, and *Clausilia bidens* with *Pupa similis* (Moquin-Tandon, Hist. nat. Moll. France, tom. i, p. 232).

I do not think that offspring resulted from any of these ill-assorted unions.
E. CAZIOT.

CLAUSILIA BIPPLICATA (MONT.) IN HERTFORDSHIRE. (Read 10th Jan. 1902.)—This species has appeared in the Hertfordshire list in Taylor & Roebuck's "Record," but in none of the published county lists. Going through the Conchological Society's Records on which Taylor & Roebuck's work is founded, I ascertained that the specimens were in the collection of the Rev. Canon A. Merle Norman, who kindly exhibits them to-night. There is no doubt as to the correctness of the identification of the species, and it is presumable, for Pickering was a very careful man, that the county is correct. The exact locality of occurrence would, however, be of great interest, and it is in the hope that some Hertfordshire naturalists may be induced to take up the question and solve the problem that attention is now drawn to the subject.
B. B. WOODWARD.

ACANTHINULA LAMELLATA (JEFF.) IN BUCKINGHAMSHIRE AND BERKSHIRE. (Read 10th Jan. 1902.)—Until a few weeks ago the most southerly recorded occurrence in the living state of *Acanthinula lamellata* (Jeff.) was at Cotton Dale, North Staffordshire (Journ. Conch., vol. vi, 1890, p. 254); now, however, this interesting little species has been found much further south. Mr. Alfred Leicester has sent me specimens from a depression in the Chiltern Hills called "Daniels Hole," just above Aston Clinton. Mr. W. Holland, of the Oxford University Museum, obtained a single specimen in March, 1888, from a dry ditch by Theale Lock (Kennet side), near Reading. This latter locality consequently represents the present 'furthest south' of the species in England, though in Pleistocene times it was found as far as West Wittering, on the shores, or nearly so, of the English Channel. These specimens have now been presented by their respective discoverers to the British Museum.

B. B. WOODWARD.